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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/007,966	11/07/2001	Ignacio Sanz-Pastor	22503-05565	3416	
	758 7590 06/02/2010 FENWICK & WEST LLP			EXAMINER	
SILICON VAL		LASTRA, DANIEL			
801 CALIFORI MOUNTAIN V	YIEW, CA 94041		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3688		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/007,966	SANZ-PASTOR ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		DANIEL LASTRA	3688	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a r Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHO WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REFERENCE IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron ute, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) The Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pr		
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5) 6) 7) 8)	Claim(s) 65-80 and 82-87 is/are pending in table 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawithdesign (s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 65-80 and 82-87 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
Applicati	on Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Exami The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to by the ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). pjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Buresee the attached detailed Office action for a life	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage	
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar		
3) 🔲 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 65-80 and 82-87 have been examined. Application 10/007,966 (INTERACTIVE ADVERTISING WITH AN AUTOMATED VIEWING REWARD SYSTEM) has a filing date 11/07/2001 and Claims Priority from Provisional Application 60247473 (11/08/2000).

Response to Amendment

2. In response to Non Final Rejection filed 08/17/09, the Applicant filed an Amendment on 02/17/10, which amended claims 78, 80, 86 and added new claim 87.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 65-67, 73-74, 78-80, 82 and 85-87 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by <u>Blahut</u> (US 5,532,735).

Claims 65 and 85, Blahut teaches:

A method for providing interactive advertising comprising:

receiving video programming content and advertisements (see figure 4); displaying to a viewer at least a portion of the received video programming content (see col 2, lines 1-20);

automatically displaying to the viewer at least one of the received advertisements in addition to the displayed video programming content (see col 2, lines 1-10);

receiving after a first amount of time a request from the viewer to stop displaying the displayed advertisement (see col 5, lines 25-35);

responsive to the received request, stopping the display of the advertisement (see col 5, lines 25-35); and

awarding value to the viewer the value prorated according to an amount of the advertisement displayed during the first amount of time (see col 5, lines 50-67).

Claim 66, Blahut teaches:

wherein the received video programming has an associated cost to the viewer, and awarding value to the viewer further comprises crediting the viewer for at least a portion of the cost (see col 5, lines 60-67).

Claim 67, Blahut teaches:

automatically displaying to the viewer for a second amount of time a second advertisement in addition to the displayed video programming content and the first advertisement (see figure 4);

awarding value to the viewer the value prorated according to an amount of the advertisement displayed during the second amount of time (see col 5, lines 60-67)

Claim 73, Blahut teaches:

wherein the received video programming content is displayed to the viewer in response to a request from the viewer for the content (see col 6, lines 1-10).

Claim 74, Blahut teaches:

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wherein receiving video programming content further comprises receiving a video stream over a network (see figure 4).

Claim 78, Blahut teaches:

A method for providing interactive advertising comprising:

receiving video programming content and advertisements (see figure 4);

displaying to a viewer at least a portion of the received programming content (see col 6, lines 1-10);

automatically displaying to the viewer at least one of the received advertisements in addition to the displayed video programming content (see figure 4);

receiving a skip request from the access device of the viewer; responsive to the skip request, stopping the display of the advertisement being displayed to the access device (see col 6, lines 25-45);

awarding value to the viewer the awarded value prorated according to an amount of the advertisement displayed (see col 5, lines 55-67).

and receiving a second of the received advertisement to the viewer (See col 6, lines 25-45; fig 5).

Claim 79, Blahut teaches:

wherein the received video programming has an associated cost to the viewer, and awarding value to the viewer further comprises crediting the viewer for at least a portion of the cost (see col 5, lines 55-67).

Claim 80, Blahut teaches:

awarding additional value to the viewer the awarded value prorated according to an amount of the second advertisement displayed (see col 5, lines 35-65)

Claim 82, Blahut teaches:

wherein receiving video programming content further comprises receiving a video stream over a network (see figure 4).

Claim 86, Blahut teaches:

A method for providing interactive advertising comprising:

receiving video programming content and advertisements (see figure 4);

displaying to an access device of a viewer at least a portion of the received video programming content (see col 2, lines 1-20);

automatically displaying to the access device of the viewer a plurality of the received advertisements interspersed with the displayed video programming content (see figure 4) for each of the displayed advertisements, determining whether a skip request was received during display of the advertisement; and not skipped (see col 6, lines 25-45); and

awarding value to the viewer according to a number of interspersed advertisements displayed to the access device of the viewer (see col 5, lines 50-67) and a number of interspersed advertisements displayed to the access device of the viewer and skipped (see col 5, lines 35-65).

Claim 87, Blahut teaches:

wherein each advertisement has an associated value and awarding value to the viewer further comprises:

awarding to the user the value of each advertisement displayed to the access device of the viewer and not skipped (see col 5, lines 35-50);

prorating the value of each advertisement displayed to the access device of the viewer and skipped according to an amount of the advertisement displayed prior to receiving the skip request; and awarding each of the prorated values to the user (see col 5, line 50 – col 6, line 45).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 68-72, 75-77 and 83-84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blahut (US 5,532,735).

Claim 68, <u>Blahut</u> does not teach:

wherein the second advertisement is targeted to the viewer according to the viewer's usage history. However, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known in the promotion art to target ads to users based upon viewing history. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that Blahut would modify his invention in order to target ads to user based upon said user's viewing history as it is old and well known to do so.

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Claim 69, Blahut does not teach:

wherein the viewer's usage history includes data describing which advertisements have previously been skipped by the viewer. However, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known in the promotion art to monitor the ads viewed by users in order to target ads to said users. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that <u>Blahut</u> would modify his invention in order to target ads to user based upon said user's viewing history as it is old and well known to do so.

Claim 70, Blahut does not teach:

wherein the second advertisement is targeted to the viewer according to the viewer's demographics. However, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known in the promotion art to target ads based upon viewer's demographics. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that Blahut would modify in invention in order to target ads to user based upon said user's demographics as it is old and well known to do so.

Claim 71, Blahut teaches:

receiving a request from the viewer to stop the display of the second advertisement; and responsive to receiving the request, stopping the display of the second advertisement (see col 5, lines 25-35).

Claim 72, Blahut teaches:

wherein each advertisement has an associated value, and awarding value to the viewer includes awarding the prorated value associated with each advertisement displayed to the viewer (see col 5, lines 40-50).

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Claims 75 and 83, Blahut does not teach:

wherein receiving video programming content further comprises receiving a physical medium including the content. However, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known in the promotion art to provide CDRoms to users containing video programs such as movies. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that <u>Blahut</u> would modify his invention in order to transmit video content over a physical medium, as it is old and well known to do so.

Claims 76 and 84, Blahut teaches:

wherein receiving advertisements further comprises receiving advertisements over a network (see figure 1).

Claim 77, Blahut does not teach:

wherein the value awarded to the viewer depends at least in part on the time of day at which the advertisement is displayed. However, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known in the promotion art to charge different advertisements fees based upon the time of day said advertisements are displayed. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that Blahut would modify his invention in order to provide a bigger credit to a user that views

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 02/17/10 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant argues that the prior arts does not teach Applicant's claimed invention because according to the Applicant, <u>Blahut</u> does not teach after a first amount of time a request from the viewer to stop displaying the displayed advertisement. The Examiner answers that <u>Blahut</u> teaches that the billing of each user is adjusted on a prorata basis based upon the amount of time of viewed advertisement, where said amount of time of viewing takes into consideration if a user change channels or simply turn off the TV (i.e. "stop viewing the advertisement"; see col 6, lines 35-45). Therefore, contrary to Applicant's argument, Blahut teaches Applicant's claimed invention.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to DANIEL LASTRA whose telephone number is 571-272-

6720 and fax 571-273-6720. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, LYNDA C JASMIN can be reached on (571) 272-6782. The official Fax

number is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/DANIEL LASTRA/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3688

May 28, 2010